

103BC

VIA AEMILIA SCAURI was
finished in 103BC. It was
started in 109BC

103 BC

Lucius APPULEIUS SATURNINUS
was tribune

~~103 BC~~ 103 BC

A Roman fleet was sent out to punish
pirates.

103BC

DURANT

Marius was consul

103-100BC

DURANT

SATURNINUS tribune.

103-99 BC

DURANT

Second Servile War in Sicily

103 BC

LUCIUS APPULEIUS SATURNINUS
was tribune of the Plebs.

He allied himself with Gaius Marius
and succeeded in securing in
Africa lands for resettlement of
Marius's veteran troops

this promise - is the 1st use by a Jewish
ruler of this Roman form of execution

103BC

Alexander JANNAEUS became High Priest, and also claimed the title of King. A ruthless warrior, he enlarged an already extensive kingdom so that it equaled the ancient kingdoms of David and Solomon. His infamous atrocity - Crucifying 800 opposing PHARISEES and killing

103BC

First book of Mochabes was
written not later than 103BC.

use by a Jewish ruler of the
Roman Empire, an event
that seems to be recalled in the
QUMRAN ~~community~~ commentary
in NAHUM.

103BC

died 76BC

ALEXANDER JANNAEUS, brother
of ARISTOBULUS became high priest
and also officially claimed the title
of king. A ruthless war-monger, he
enlarged an already extensive kingdom
so that it equaled the ancient kingdoms
of David & Solomon. His infamous atrocity -
crucifying 800 opposing PHARISEES and
killing their families - is the 1st

103-76BC

Haemodacans

ALEXANDER JANNAEVS

1030c

The Germans (Tentones & Cimbri)
were again crossing in the 3d & 4th
with the intention of carrying out a
double invasion of Italy - by way
of the Maritime Alps in the west
and of the northeastern Alps; the
Tentones taking the west and the
Cimbri the east

103B2

The slaves of Rome revolted
and was stamped out 3 yrs later.

103 → 76 BC

By dint of incessant and purposeful fighting the frontiers of Judah were extended farther and farther. Under Alexander Jannaeus (103-76 BC) they enlarged their territories until they almost covered the area previously occupied by the Kingdoms of Israel and Judah.

As time went on, the Seleucids became less and less serious adversaries. They lacked the strength to cope with the Maccabees.

103-76BC

Alexander IANNAIOS ordered a
mass crucifixion

103 BC to 101 BC

Babylonians used a lunar Cal.
A tablet in the British Museum
shows the intervals from
new moon to new moon
during a 25-month period
from 103 BC to 101 BC

103BC

CIMBRI and TEUTONES become
allies and decide to invade
Italy

103-76 BC

Alexander Jannaeus, brother
of Aristobulus succeeds
Aristobulus.

Under Alexander Jannaeus, the
Pharisees and Sadducees gain
influence. The Essenes also
flourish.

Summer 103 BC

marcius destroyed the vast horde
of the Cimbri, who had penetrated
the Po.

Italy was saved for 500 years.

103 → 76 BC

Alexander Jannaeus, the 2nd son of John Hyrcanus, continued the expansion of the country until it reached the biblical ideal 'from Dan to Beersheba'.

His reign saw appalling conflict between two powerful but opposing Jewish factions, the Sadducees and the Pharisees, which was only partly resolved in the reign of SALOME Alexandra, his wife & successor.

The Cimbri left Spain and pursued a march of conquest along the West Coast of France as far as Belgium. They were stoutly resisted by the Belgae, and turned south again with the intention of entering Italy with the TEUTONES.

103 → 99 BC

1912 Dates J-BK
Rome

Second Servile War.

103-76BC

Hasmonean Alexander Jannaeus
who appointed the Herodian Antipater,
Herod the Great's grandfather, as
governor of Idumea

103-176BC

Jerusalem

Alexander YANNAI
in Palestine